

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal.

VOLUME X.—NUMBER 510.

STANFORD, KY., TUESDAY, JUNE 27, 1882.

NEW SERIES—NUMBER 55.

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

W. P. WALTON, - - - Editor and Proprietor
T. R. WALTON, - - - Business Manager

Published Tuesdays and Fridays,
AT
\$2.50 PER ANNUM.

Uncle Josh at Frankfort.
My brothering, it's well enough
To go to brother Barnes
At' hear of heaven an' heaven's joys—
I like them gospel yams.
But, brothering, don't bank too much
On promises of bliss;
The future's mighty doubtful, an'
There's some that's goin' to miss.
The path's a straight and narrow one,
An' we must keep it well;
For many man is goin' to heaven
For chiefly raisin' hell.
There's got to be a change of heart;
A self-denying' state;
An' of them all, your Barnes's key.
Worn fit pearly gate.

—[Don Paduan.]

How to Elect a President.
A number of our ablest statesmen have devoted much of their time to the production of essays and the preparation of measures intended to simplify the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of the United States; but all of them have grappled with the subject as if it was so abstruse that only some complicated machinery could reduce it to practical and just results. This has been the common error of all our statesmen who have attempted to provide against the defeat of the popular will in the choice of a President, either by the legitimate use or by the perversion of the Electoral College system.

The Electoral College system is a cumbersome machine that is liable to defeat the expression of the people even with honest direction, and opens the way for the successful employment of chicanery or fraud. The Jefferson-Burr contest of 1801, the Jackson-Adams-Crawford contest of 1825 and the Tilden-Hayes contest of 1876 all stand as finger-boards to admonish the American people of the absolute failure of the Electoral College system and the possibility of perverting it to the meanest aims of mean ambition. It is not pretended that any of the purposes which were intended by the fathers of the Republic in creating the Electoral College, have been fulfilled. Instead of Presidential Electors exercising a sound and patriotic discretion in the choice of a President and Vice-President, our Presidential Electors are the mere puppets of party, and it would now cost any one his life if he were to exercise his own discretion, however just and patriotic, and thereby elect a President against the wishes of his party. The Electoral College system is, therefore, a useless and dangerous circumlocution, and it is the duty of the best statesmanship of all parties to unite for its overthrow.

There is a simple and just method by which the people could elect Presidents without more than a tithe of the debauchery and demoralization which are now common in such contests and that is for the people of the whole Union to vote directly for President and Vice-President, with judicious safeguards for the determination of the legal vote of each State, and declare the men elected who receive the largest number of votes. There is no reason why a "government of the people, by the people and for the people" should have cumbersome electoral machinery that can accomplish nothing beyond the possibility of defeating the popular choice; and there can be no reason, to forbid a direct vote for our highest offices or the commission of those who receive the largest popular support from the people of the entire nation. Such a system of electing Presidents and Vice-Presidents would end the corruption and demoralization which run riot in Ohio, Indiana and other pivotal States in Presidential contests, and it would make a Democratic vote in Vermont or a Republican vote in Mississippi as important as any other vote in any other State. The very best system of electing Presidents is the simplest system—a direct vote for the candidate and the highest popular vote to elect.—[Philadelphia Times.]

The grand old party that freed the slave, saved the Union, paid the national debt and insures good crops—you know the rest, gentle reader—is robbing the cradle and the grave to keep itself in power. It squeezes campaign funds out of the little pages in Congress—that's the cradle; and demands a "voluntary contribution" from a Springfield armorer, five years dead—that's the grave. We shall see another revolution one of these days—a full grown political one—unless these proceedings on the part of Hubbard, Hale & Co. are frowned down by the decent element of the Republican party.—[Springfield Republican.]

As if money enough has not been voted away to pensioners, the House has passed another one of these little bills giving a pension of \$40 a month to sailors or soldiers who lost an arm or a leg in the service of the United States. It is alleged that this gratuity will add \$1,600,000 to the pension list a year. It will be safe to multiply that by ten, judging from the experience the country has had with the Arrearsage Bill. This pension appropriation business has run into the most contemptible demagoguery ever witnessed, and this Congress figures as the most demagogic and extravagant we have ever had.

Bob Burdett's Advice to Boys.

"You say you demand the noblest type of womanhood in your wife. If that is the sort of woman you want, marry Nora Mulligan, your laundry's daughter. She wears cowhide shoes, is guiltless of corsets, never had a sick day in her life, takes in washing, goes out housecleaning, and cooks for a family of seven children, her mother and three section men, who board with her. I don't think she would marry you, because Con Regan, the track walker, is her style of man. Let us just examine into your qualifications as a model husband after your own matrimonial ideas, my boy. Can you shoulder a barrel of flour and carry it down to the cellar? Can you saw and split ten cords of hickory wood in the fall, so as to have ready fuel all winter? Can you plow up half an acre of ground for a kitchen garden? Do you know what will take the slimy taste out of the new cistern, and can you patch the little leak in the kitchen roof? Can you bring home a pane of glass and a wad of putty to repair the damages in the sitting-room window? Can you hang some cheap paper on the kitchen? Can you fix the front gate so it will not bang? Can you do any thing about the house that Con Regan can? My dear boy, you see why Nora Mulligan will have none of you; she wants a higher type of true manhood. You expect to hire men to do all man's work about the house, but you want your wife to do every thing that any woman can do. Believe me, my dear son, nine-tenths of the girls who play the piano and sing so charmingly, whom you, in your limited knowledge, set down as mere 'butterflies of fashion,' are better fitted for wives than you are for a husband. If you want to marry a first-class cook and experienced housekeeper do your courting in the intelligence office. But if you want a wife, marry the girl you love, with dimpled hands and a face like the sunlight, and her love will teach her all these lessons, my boy, long before you have learned one-half of your own lesson."—[Burling-ton Hawkeye.]

How Garfield Looks.

Governor Sherman, of Iowa, who is visiting at Elmira, N. Y., said to a reporter there the other day: "I saw President Garfield a day or two in Cleveland. You need not look astonished—I really saw him—not in spirit, but in his own form and features. I had visited his tomb to do homage to the spot where the martyr President was sleeping. The watchman in charge, on learning whence I came and who I was, asked me if I would like to see the President. I was as greatly surprised as you can be. He simply showed me he was in earnest, invited me into the tomb, unscrolled and removed the lid from that sacred casket, and there lay General Garfield before me, just as he looked the day of his funeral—as if in a weary, unrefreshing sleep. I was surprised, too, despite the emancipation of those noble features, to the general as I had seen him alive. I presume that years will pass ere the preserving traces of the embalmer's work will have been removed from all that is left on earth of Garfield. He was a great man, and it shows in his calm though pain-shrunken features still."

Mr. Owens, a word with you please: The people satisfied you are a very brilliant young man; they know you have served with distinction in the Kentucky House of Representatives, and have even been the presiding officer of that distinguished body; they are wonderfully impressed with the resemblance you bear to the late John C. Breckinridge when an aspiring young man like yourself; they are even willing to concede to you every accomplishment and virtue claimed by your most extravagant admirers, but, Billy, the time hasn't come yet for you to represent the Ashland District in Congress. Oh, no, not by a large majority. Possibly at some future time, away off in the sweet by-and-by, you may be called, but not now.—[Blue Grass Clipper.]

WICKED PARAGRAPH.—When a middle-aged Kentuckian, who has been devoted from boyhood to racing horses and fighting game chickens, "gets religion," some remarkable developments may be expected. Gen. Abe Buford was recently converted by an itinerant preacher and gave up sports for three months. Then he began backsliding and now he is engaged in getting up "a true Church of Christ, with a turt attachment." It he could secure the services of Adirondack Murray he might make the experiment a success.—[San Francisco Chronicle.]

The office of Superior Judge was created for the purpose of helping to discharge the work of the Court of Appeals. The duties of the Appellate Court became too burdensome and to relieve it the Legislature created three Superior Judgeships, and these offices will probably be permanent in the State.—[Glasgow Times.]

As if money enough has not been voted away to pensioners, the House has passed another one of these little bills giving a pension of \$40 a month to sailors or soldiers who lost an arm or a leg in the service of the United States. It is alleged that this gratuity will add \$1,600,000 to the pension list a year. It will be safe to multiply that by ten, judging from the experience the country has had with the Arrearsage Bill. This pension appropriation business has run into the most contemptible demagoguery ever witnessed, and this Congress figures as the most demagogic and extravagant we have ever had.

Professor Morley says "A great intellectual figure will arise in the near future, destined to occupy a niche beside Dante and Shakespeare and Goethe." Ah, thank you, thank you, professor; you are too flattering; but come in, put your hat on the table and stay to dinner. You were saying?—[Hawkeye.]

Mr. H. W. Merton, of Oswego, N. Y., writes: "My wife has been restored to perfect health and strength. She suffered many years from indigestion, complicated with female irregularities. I never saw her lips so red and her cheeks so rosy for years."

Fast Railroad Lines.

The innovation of the Pennsylvania Railway in its fast trains between New York and Chicago suggests comparisons with lines abroad. The famous Flying Dutchman on the Great Western Railroad, England, makes the run from London to Exeter, 194 miles, in four hours and fourteen minutes. With four stops it attains a speed of almost 46 miles an hour. A train on the Great Northern Road makes the distance from London to Leeds, 187 miles, in four hours—almost 47 miles an hour, with four stops. The train carrying the Irish mail to Holyhead, over the London and Northwestern line, and dubbed "The Wild Irishman," has now sunk into comparative obscurity with its rate of a little less than 40 miles an hour. The morning express on the Great Northern Road runs the 425 miles to Glasgow with a speed of 40½ miles an hour. These are the four swiftest trains in England, and will be seen, the Leeds express, with its rate of 47 miles an hour, is the fleetest of them all. Three out of the four trains probably beat the running time for the same distance on any other roads in the world. They are all, however, far outriveted on a shorter distance by the train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, which leaves Jersey City at 4:10 p. m., and makes the run of 88 miles to Philadelphia in 100 minutes, with one stop at Trenton. The 52½ miles an hour made by this American train is probably without parallel in the schedule time of any railroad company on the globe. Both the American and English railroads it must also be remembered that for short stretches of straight track, with good roads and favoring grades, a speed of 60 miles is not very uncommon.—[National Car Builder.]

Vinegar.

A method employed in France, which converts cider or other liquids into vinegar much more expeditiously than do ordinary practices, prefacing the process with preparing the barrels or casks by first scalding with water and next pouring into them boiling vinegar, rolling the barrels and allowing them to stand on their sides two or three days, until they become thoroughly saturated with the vinegar. This preparation over, the barrels are filled about one-third full with strong, pure vinegar and two gallons of cider. Every eight days thereafter two gallons of cider are added until the barrel is two-thirds full. In four days after the last two gallons are added the whole will have been converted into vinegar, one-third of which is drawn off and the process of filling with cider begun again. In summer the barrels during the process of conversion are exposed to the rays of the sun, and in cold weather are stored where a uniform temperature of about eighty degrees can be maintained.

OCEAN TELEGRAPHY.—The difference in time between New York and London is a curious feature in ocean telegraphy. The London banker is in the full swell of traffic at the time when the New York agent is just thinking of "getting up." At noon the London markets are cabled to this city, where they arrive at 7 o'clock in the morning of the same day. The London agent of the New York press telegraphs the most important news issued in the London *Times* at 6 o'clock in the morning. It reaches here at 1 o'clock of the same morning, just in time to be inserted in the American journals, whose readers have the same matter that the Londoner digests with his breakfast. This is doing a little better than even "taking time by the forelock." It is getting ahead of him in the barrels during the process of conversion. The result has been quite flattering, and she has amassed already quite a collection. Some of the returns have been witty, and some fraught with good common-sense.—[Denver Tribune.]

The Stanford Interior Journal is shocked because Bro. Barnes rode about Frankfort in the landau presented to Gov. Blackburn by the gamblers of Louisville as a token of their appreciation of his philanthropic remission of fines imposed on them by the courts. Our contemporary is probably not aware that Bro. B. first announced the axles of the vehicle with oil.—[Breckinridge News.]

The sponge divers along the Florida coast have begun to adopt an innovation that may work a great change in their business. This is the artificial propagation of sponges. It has been found that this can be done by cutting the live sponge into small pieces, attaching them to small pieces of rock, and sinking them to proper depths in suitable locations. In three years each piece will attain a marketable size.

If Gov. Blackburn will shut down his pardon mill for the rest of his term he will do much towards making men obey the laws and respect the rights of their fellow men. . . . If the ghost of George Ellis should haunt the Judges of the Court of Appeals it will be to remind them that they are responsible for the manner in which his life was taken.—[Catlettsburg Democrat.]

A recent glance at the U. S. census of 1800 recalls the curious fact that there remained ten slaves in Vermont; 400 in Rhode Island; 1000 in Connecticut; 18,000 in New Jersey; 16,000 in New York, and 2,000 in Pennsylvania. There were 160 in New Hampshire in 1790.

"Tommy," said a mother to her seven-year-old boy, "you must not interrupt me when I am talking with ladies. You must wait till we stop, and then you can talk." "But you never stop," retorted the boy.

Government bonds at present prices net the owners 2½ per cent. interest—a low rate for money.

Naturally pale invalids are greatly improved in health and appearances by using Brown's Iron Bitters. It strengthens mind and body, brightens the eyes, gives rosy cheeks, and creates a perfect picture of health, strength and beauty.

To Whom Does the Country Belong.

An old resident of Natchez, La., is the possessor of one of the three original copper cents, submitted to General Washington for his approval, as a national currency in 1783. Upon one side around the border are the words, "Unity of States;" upon the other a medallion head of the Father of his Country, with the words, "Washington and Independence." It is the coin of which the adoption was rejected by him with the remark that "this was the people's country, and not Washington's." The sentiment was as noble as it was modest.

H. C. KAUFFMAN.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LANCASTER, KY.
Master Commissioner and County Attorney. Will practice in all the Courts of Lancaster and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals.

THOMAS P. HILL, JR.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
STANFORD, KY.
Will practice in the Courts of this and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals.

ALEX. ANDERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
DANVILLE, KY.
Will practice in the Courts of Boyle and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals.

MASTERSON PEYTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LIBERTY, KY.
Will practice in all the Courts of Casey and adjoining counties, and in the Court of Appeals. Special attention given to collections. Office over R. T. Pierce's store.

DR. J. G. CARPENTER,
STANFORD, KY.—KENTUCKY
Office over Robt. S. Lytle's store. Office hours from 7 to 9 a. m.; 12 to 1 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m.

LEE F. HUFFMAN,
SURGEON DENTIST,
STANFORD, KY.
Office—South side Main Street, two doors above the Myers Hotel. Pure nitrous Oxide gas administered when required.

R. C. MORGAN, D. D. S.
DENTIST.
Will be in stand two weeks of each month, from Monday. Dental rooms in St. Asaph Hotel, over McAlester & Bright's. At 10 a. m. on Monday, and from 12 to 1 p. m. on Tuesday, and from 3 to 4 p. m. on Wednesday. Dental rooms in Mason House, from third Monday. Dental rooms in Mason House, from 3 to 4 p. m. on Wednesday. Pure nitrous oxide gas administered when necessary.

51-2m R. T. REATHERFORD
Gilberts Creek, Ky.

W. T. GREEN.
Stanford, June 1, 1882.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I desire to announce to the people of Stanford and vicinity as low as any one else. It can be had at any hour during the day at Davis' store-room near Depot. Accounts due at the end of every week.

R. E. BARROW.

DEARABLE FARM
Will be in stand two weeks of each month, from Monday. Dental rooms in St. Asaph Hotel, over McAlester & Bright's. At 10 a. m. on Monday, and from 12 to 1 p. m. on Tuesday, and from 3 to 4 p. m. on Wednesday. Dental rooms in Mason House, from third Monday. Dental rooms in Mason House, from 3 to 4 p. m. on Wednesday. Pure nitrous oxide gas administered when necessary.

51-2m R. T. REATHERFORD
Gilberts Creek, Ky.

W. T. GREEN.

Stanford, June 1, 1882.

CRAB ORCHARD
SPRINGS

WILL BE OPENED!

To its old friends and to the public on—

THE 15th DAY OF JUNE

FOR THE—

SEASON OF 1882!

UNDER AN—

Entirely New Management.

Gen. Jas. F. Robinson, of Lexington, Manager.

The office in charge of Mess. John Fleet and O. P. Moore.

EVERY COMFORT AND LUXURY.

Lake ice included, will be supplied to guests, and they are assured that in every regulation of a first-class hotel the management does not intend to be surpassed by any in America.

W. G. WELCH.

Trusted.

43-3m

Try One, and If Not Satisfied, It Will Be Taken Back.

Dry Goods, Notions,

Furnishing Goods,

Boots, Shoes, Hats,

Carpets, Oil Cloths,

Trunks and Valises.

Prices guaranteed to be as LOW as the LOWEST.

ROBT. S. LYTHE,
S. W. COR. MAIN & LANCASTER STS.,
STANFORD, KY.

M'ROBERTS & STAGG
OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,

STANFORD, KY.,
DRUGGISTS AND PHARMACEUTISTS,

Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Liquors, &c. Physicians Prescriptions and Pharmaceutical Preparations a Specialty.

LINCOLN MILLS

This New Mill, containing the latest and
MOST IMPROVED MACHINERY

For manufacturing meal and flour, is now in full operation. We will grind for customers, for the present, on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday of each week, and on Court-Days and all other public days. We solicit a liberal share of patronage and will endeavor to give entire satisfaction.

Flour, Meal, Corn, Bran, Shipstuff, &c., Always on hand and for sale. Highest cash price paid for Corn, Wheat, &c.

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

STANFORD, KY.

Tuesday Morning, -- June 27, 1882

W. P. WALTON, - - - - - EDITOR

The Superior Court Primaries.

So far as we have been able to learn the instructions for Superior Judge are as follows:

For Richards, Louisville and Jefferson county, 70; Madison, 10; Burdett, 4; Henry, 4; Oldham, 2; Carroll, 7; Nelson, 9; Trimble, 5; Green, 3; Spencer, 4; Shelby, 9; La Rue, 5. Total, 132.

For Burdett, Lincoln, 4; Rockcastle, 4; Garrard, 5; Boyle, 6; Henry, 1; Washington, 7; Taylor, 4. Total, 32.

For Duvall, Lincoln, 4; Marion, 8; Woodford, 6; Franklin, 9; Henry, 2; Oldham, 3. Total, 32.

This shows Maj. Richards to have an instructed vote of more than enough to elect him on the first ballot, and of course the Danville Convention will be a stupid affair.

Maj. Burdett made a gallant fight and deserved a better fate, but Maj. Richards was backed by an unseen yet powerful hand, and the result was as we all along expected. Judge Alvin Duvall was no doubt the best qualified man for the position, but he failed to make an active canvass, besides it was charged that he was too old to discharge the duties of the office. The prospective nominee is a bright young man, well read in the law, and will do his level best to make a good judge and we haven't a doubt but what he will succeed.

OSCAR TURNER has announced himself for re-election to Congress and says: "If any necessity for united action of the democratic party should arise, or if the democratic party should think it advisable, I will cheerfully submit to a primary election to be held at the various precincts at the August election—when every democrat can, without inconvenience, express his choice for a representative to Congress." Oscar, of course, will judge of the necessity himself, and will do like he did before, go it on an independent ticket if he sees his own party is likely to choose a more consistent leader, which we hope it will decide to do.

GOV. BLACKBURN confessed to Bro. Barnes and straightway went and signed pardons for three Estill county scamps under ten years sentence each for rape, for which they had been but recently convicted. The same day the Court of Appeals reversed three murder cases in which the accused had been sentenced to terms in the penitentiary from 15 years to a life time. Thus is justice thwarted and more argument established in favor of mob law. We would suggest to the mobs however, that they begin work at the fountain head.

THE APOLSTOLIC TIMES is grieved over the fact that Mr. Barnes has spoken of Mary, who chose that better part that could never be taken from her, as a slut, yes, a dirty old slut. This was a little rough in speaking about a lady and Mr. Barnes owes her and her numerous friends an apology. Space in this paper is always at his command, as has been abundantly proven, either to praise the governor or to lecture the editor, and we hope he will make the amendment honorable to Miss Mary.

JOE BLACKBURN is evidently of the opinion that there is more in W. C. Owens' candidacy against him for Congress than is generally believed, for he has deserted his post at Washington to repair his fences at home. He spoke yesterday at Owenton, the home of one of the contestants, Jerry Lillard, and last night at New Liberty. If Joseph can do any good for the party at Washington, he had better go back. We'll guarantee his re-election by a vote more than of both of his competitors.

THE STATEMENT is going the rounds of the press that the Court of Appeals had confirmed the decisions in the case of Neal and Craft convicted and sentenced to death for raping and murdering the Gibbons children at Ashland, but it is authoritatively denied. A portion of the Court has been too busy attending to political affairs to perform the business for which he was elected and it may be months yet, as vacation is near at hand, before the cases are reached.

SENATOR WADE HAMPTON has tired of public life and wants to retire so as to spend the evening of his days in peace and quiet. He has published a letter declining the many flattering calls made on him to become a candidate for Governor of South Carolina.

THE TERMS of twenty-five Senators end on the 3rd of next March, 14 democrats and ten republicans, and the prospects are that the next Senate will be republican without counting David Davis or the traitor Mahone.

An exchange says that the sum (\$100,000,000) appropriated by Congress for pensions last week, is greater by \$25,000,000 than the amount which will be required during the current fiscal year to pay the interest on the Federal debt, and this is but the entering wedge. There is no nation on the earth, however rich or prosperous it may be, which can take so large a yearly sum from the earnings of industry without grave risk and without serious apprehension. The Republican majority in Congress have evidently made up their minds to do two things: To spend the surplus money in the Treasury, and to maintain the present grinding rate of taxation. They are running a peace establishment upon war footing. The end of such folly is very easy to predict: there will be another season of panic and business distress. Prosperity, even in this favored land, cannot keep pace with such profligacy.

THE BRONSTON SCANDAL was the occasion of a couple of Lexington editors mashing each other's noses. The Transcript published the scandal and the News didn't, but expressed itself freely against the papers that did. The Transcript retorted that the News had failed to publish the matter either through fear, favor or for bush-money. Next day the two editors met, exchanged a few blows and were separated. Later they came together again and had a regular stand up fist and skull fight, which ended in Mr. Fleming of the Transcript coming out second best, and Mr. Polk of the News wearing the honors. Both were arrested and fined before the Police Court.

THE NEW YORK COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE talks sensibly when it remarks, "What a marvelous short-sighted thing it is for a legislator to have as his rule of action hostility to banks—fettering the growth of the only department of business which every single merchant and business man in the whole country is personally interested in having free—and calling such a policy popular! His mistake evidently arises in supposing these questions are chiefly of interest to banks, whereas the capital which bank officers hold at the people's service to day, can and will find employment to-morrow elsewhere, if its free-dom or its profit is taken away."

THE REPUBLICANS in the Seventeenth Ohio District, the one that Private Dalzell aspired to represent, are having some trouble in selecting a candidate. The Private was dropped early in the action but after three days balloting, during which 376 were taken, the Convention was no nearer a decision than at first and it adjourned in disgust. Updegraff, the present member and leading candidate, seems to have been spending his shekels freely among the delegates and on the testimony of one or more, a committee of investigation was ordered.

THE FIRST ANNUAL MEETING of the Kentucky Bar Association, which was held in Louisville last week, was attended by representative men from all parts of the State, and was a decidedly pleasant and profitable occasion. A number of able speeches were made on questions of present importance, and the result can be but beneficial to the fraternity. A sumptuous banquet at the Galt House was one of the features of the occasion. Next year the meeting will again be held in Louisville, the time to be hereafter fixed by the Committee.

A CINCINNATI paper that can hardly wait for Friday so great is its desire to have Guiteau hung, says it does "not credit the story that President Arthur shed tears when the lawyer who is advertising in the assassination case pressed home the executive responsibility. This is no crying matter, and no case in which there is a shadow of doubt as to the thing to be done. The one thing to do is to hang the murderer."

PHIL THOMPSON'S speech against Kelley's bill to reduce the tax on whisky and beer, has received many compliments from the daily press, it being conceded that it was the best off-hand speech made during the present session of Congress. We shall give some extracts from it in our next issue.

THE PRESIDENT and cabinet, after a full and fair discussion of the Guiteau case, have refused to grant the reprieve prayed for, so between the hour of 11 a. m. and 2 p. m. of next Friday, the miserable man will suffer the penalty so justly deserved—the "remover" will be removed by the hempen line.

THE ACTION of Madison county in refusing to endorse their neighbor, Burdett, is explained as the spiteful trick of a small clique towards Gov. McCreary, who was not in the county at the time.

THE COURT of Appeals, after frittering its time away in private and political pursuits, has broken down and adjourned for the summer.

THE LOUISVILLE COMMERCIAL admits that it does not advocate mixed schools but approves of the colored Conventions platform denouncing the separation clause. This appears to us a little mixed but as the editor of that paper never, like his friend Tom Henry, takes anything to befall his brain we suppose we must be mistaken. Still we think that it might make its position a little more consistent.

IN DISCUSSING the election probabilities the Richmond (Va.) State says: It is hundred and sixty thousand white democrats can't beat a hundred and twelve thousand negroes with thirty thousand white Mahoneites added, making at the most 142,000, why they ought to give up voting altogether, and turn the old State over to the negroes to do as they please with it.

THE MALLEY trial is still dragging its weary length along and it is feared that Guiteau will not live to see it through.

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—There are 980 daily papers published in the United States.

—A fourteen-year-old boy is to swing in Louisville for murder.

—Stone man has been nominated for Governor of California after three days balloting.

—The House passed a bill to appropriate \$33,000 to continue Arctic Explorations.

—Only 95 failures were reported to New York last week, a smaller number than for many months.

—The talk about a reprieve for Guiteau has pretty much died out, and matters are moving along toward the hanging.

—Ex-Senator Dorsey, the star-route swindler, has decided to bring suit for damages against a number of papers, including the Courier Journal.

—If the Army retiring bill as passed by the Senate should become a law, General Sherman will have to go out in 1884, Gen. Hancock in 1888 and Sheridan in 1895.

—In a fit of ill-temper the Equity Judge of the District of Columbia threw a bundle of papers at an offending attorney's head, but apologized before the latter could get in his work.

—The attempt to break the Virginia tax law on sample merchants by appeal to the United States courts has failed, Judge Hughes, at Richmond, having decided that the law is unconstitutional.

—The bumbo man who played it on Hon. Charles Francis Adams to the tune of \$20,000 has been compelled to return the checks he got from him, and suffer a sentence of five years in the penitentiary.

—A tidal wave, two miles wide and eleven feet higher than the surface of the lake, swept over the lake front at Cleveland Friday, drowning a sleeping tramp and destroying \$30,000 worth of property.

—Some time ago, which Michael Welsh was in a car unloading goods at the depot on Fitchburg Railroad, Boston, the car was run into, and he received permanent injuries. Saturday he was awarded \$6,500 damages.

—It is now proposed to ask Congress for an appropriation for having the remains of the Jeannette crew, found by Engineer Melville, transported to this country for proper interment in places selected by their families.

—There has been another Iowa tornado, wrecking villages and farm buildings. According to reports a number of persons were injured, and probably a few killed. Illinois has been visited by wind and hailstorms, and Minnesota by heavy rains.

—Rev. R. Moffatt Neil, acting pastor of the Presbyterian church, Brooklyn, is accused of having forged his certificate of ordination and his credentials. He is very popular with the congregation, which has largely increased since his installation.

—A woman in Florida has been found who is the mother of 27 living children, and a man on the Blue Ridge in Virginia is living with his ninth wife, and is the father of 53 children. These have religiously obeyed the biblical command, increase and multiply.

—Mr. Obey Owens, Receiving Teller of the Third National Bank, of St. Louis, was arrested on the charge of having embezzled \$150,000 of the funds of the bank. Owens' operations have extended over a period of several years, and have been very successfully concealed.

—The Senate has passed the bill to recharter National Banks by a vote of 34 to 13. The bill is nearly the same as that passed by the House, the principal amendment being to put gold and silver certificates on the same footing, and to prevent discriminations by the Clearing-houses respecting gold and silver certificates.

—As an instance of the magnitude of some of the transactions of the New York merchants, it may be mentioned that the well-known house of Sawyer, Wallace & Company a few days ago sold to an agent of the Italian government 12,244 hogsheads of leaf tobacco, at the rate of \$150 a hogshead, the bill amounting to \$1,836,600.

—The seedling faction of the Nashville Democratic convention held a meeting, listened to speeches by ex-Senator Bailey, General Jackson, Editor Doak and others reaffirming the State Democratic platform of 1880, and approved the legislative settlement of the debt at 60-3-4-5-6. It was decided to call a general convention on July 11.

—Jessie Nixon, of Muncie, Ind., had a buggy stolen Friday night, and Saturday captured the thief, near Parker. He placed him on a train and tied his legs together to bring him to Muncie jail. When near there the thief jumped from the train and broke his neck. From papers on his person it was found his name was Frank Stratton, of North Lebanon, Clinton county, Ohio.

—Four negroes, two for arson and two for murder, were hung in the presence of the Thirst and Longs, and are requested to call at Penny & McAlister's Drug Store and get a Trial bottle of King's New Discovery for Consumption, free of charge, which will convince them of its wonderful merits and show what a regular dollar-size bottle will do. Call early.

At Denver, George M. Woods was hung for murder, and at Platte Point, Texas, four cow boys were lynched for cattle-stealing. Nine in one day is doing pretty well.

—The Louisville Commercial tells this "pretty story" of Judge Hargis: Rev. Geo. O. Barnes captured Judge Hargis, of the Appellate Bench, last night under peculiar circumstances. While this reverend gentleman was exhorting a colored man went to the front to confess, Brother Barnes then said he intended trying a little moral courage on the people; that he knew that the devil had made the distinction between the soul of a negro and a white man, and he wanted to see if any one had the moral courage to come to the altar of God and stand side by side with this colored brother, and what Keene Pritchard is wont to call "The blue-eyed boy of destiny" walked forward and sat down by the colored man. Brother Barnes shouted "Praise the Lord" and there was a general inclination on the part of the audience to applaud.

There were once four flies, and as it happened, they were hungry one morning. The first settled upon a sausage of singularly appetizing appearance and made a hearty meal, but he speedily died of intestinal inflammation, for the sausage was adulterated with aniline. The second fly breakfasted upon flour, and forthwith succumbed to contraction of the stomach, owing to the inordinate quantity of alum with which the flour had been adulterated. The third fly was shaking his wings with the contents of a milk-jug, when violent cramps suddenly convulsed his frame, and he soon gave up the ghost, a victim to chalk adulteration. Seeing this, the fourth fly, muttering to himself, "The sooner it's over the sooner to sleep," alighted upon a moistened piece of paper exhibiting the counterfeit presentation of a dead's head, and the inscription, "Fly-poison." Applying the tip of his proboscis to this device, the fourth fly drank to his heart's content, growing more vigorous and cheerful at every mouthful, although expectant of his end. But he did not die. On the contrary, he threw and waxed fat. You see, even the fly-poison was adulterated.—[From the German.]

Seven wives were murdered by their husbands in a single day. At Jackson, Mich., a wife called in a policeman to protect her, whereupon the husband shot her, the officer, and himself. At Bridgeton, Ont., a wealthy farmer shot his wife at the climax of a violent quarrel. At Xenia, Ill., a husband committed murder and suicide because he was not prosperous in business. At Burlington, Iowa, a wife was stabbed to death by her husband in consequence of her refusal to provide him with whisky. At Canton, Ohio, a woman was shot in a manner that indicated that the crime had been perpetrated by burglars, but it has transpired that her husband did it. At Milford, La., a negro woman was poisoned, and at Adelphi, Tenn., a bride of a month was thrown over a precipice. It is strange that none of these wife slayers were actuated by jealousy.

A woman of Stockton, Cal., believing that she was about to die, confessed to her husband that she did not love him, but had centered her affections on a neighbor. She declared that she could not die unforgiven, and so the husband freely forgave her. But he granted the favor only in view of her speedy death, and, when she unexpectedly recovered, he began a suit for divorce. Her defense is that he condemned her hasty by the forgiveness, and a peculiar question of law is raised.

It is as plain as daylight that Col. Robert Robertson does not expect to hold office much longer under the present administration. He says: "While I am here, no man shall be dismissed or in any way interfered with for the non-payment of political assessments." Mr. Robertson is densely ignorant of the first duties of his position. He will be asked to step ashore.—[Chicago Times.]

—This is the way that a dutch farmer advertises for a lost cat: "Rund away; one red and white cat. His two hind legs was plack, he was a she-bug. Enipotti vot prings him pack got five dollars.—Jacob Zuddening, Clear Creek, tree miles behint te bridge."

A SCIENTIFIC PROFESSOR records the following singular instance of self-cannibalism: He cut in two a male cricket, and immediately the fore part, probably experiencing a sensation of emptiness, turned upon the hinder part and devoured it.

THE SUIT of James Gordon Bennett vs. the City of New York, to recover \$18,363 balance due for advertising in the Herald, ended last week in a verdict for the plaintiff. The Herald's bill for the year 1881 for corporation advertising was \$44,824 80.

A MISSOURI JUDGE has decided that a husband is responsible for what his wife says. If this ruling is sustained there will not be over a dozen married men in Missouri by the end of the shooting season.—[Chicago Tribune.]

A CHAP who set us a poem beginning "When twilight dews are falling fast upon the rosy lea" has since married Rosa Lee, and now the weekly dues are falling faster upon him.

FEW GIRLS, it has been discovered by one who has tried it, secure perfect happiness as clergymen's wives. They never go to the circus and only see an animal show once in a life-time.

—THERE IS to be a peach crop in Delaware, after all. The prevarications about the Delaware peach crop have come to be almost as remarkable as the lies of the trout-fishers.

—THERE IS to be a peach crop in Delaware, after all. The prevarications about the Delaware peach crop have come to be almost as remarkable as the lies of the trout-fishers.

—THERE IS to be a peach crop in Delaware, after all. The prevarications about the Delaware peach crop have come to be almost as remarkable as the lies of the trout-fishers.

—THERE IS to be a peach crop in Delaware, after all. The prevarications about the Delaware peach crop have come to be almost as remarkable as the lies of the trout-fishers.

—THERE IS to be a peach crop in Delaware, after all. The prevarications about the Delaware peach crop have come to be almost as remarkable as the lies of the trout-fishers.

—THERE IS to be a peach crop in Delaware, after all. The prevarications about the Delaware peach crop have come to be almost as remarkable as the lies of the trout-fishers.

—THERE IS to be a peach crop in Delaware, after all. The prevarications about the Delaware peach crop have come to be almost as remarkable as the lies of the trout-fishers.

—THERE IS to be a peach crop in Delaware, after all. The prevarications about the Delaware peach crop have come to be almost as remarkable as the lies of the trout-fishers.

—THERE IS to be a peach crop in Delaware, after all. The prevarications about the Delaware peach crop have come to be almost as remarkable as the lies of the trout-fishers.

—THERE IS to be a peach crop in Delaware, after all. The prevarications about the Delaware peach crop have come to be almost as remarkable as the lies of the trout-fishers.

—THERE IS to be a peach crop in Delaware, after all. The prevarications about the Delaware peach crop have come to be almost as remarkable as the lies of the trout-fishers.

—THERE IS to be a peach crop in Delaware, after all. The prevarications about the Delaware peach crop have come to be almost as remarkable as the lies of the trout-fishers.

—THERE IS to be a peach crop in Delaware, after all. The prevarications about the Delaware peach crop have come to be almost as remarkable as the lies of the trout-fishers.

—THERE IS to be a peach crop in Delaware, after all. The prevarications about the Delaware peach crop have come to be almost as remarkable as the lies of the trout-fishers

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

STANFORD, KY.

Tuesday Morning, - June 27, 1882

L. & N. LOCAL TIME CARD.

Passenger trains North 9:10 A. M.

" " South 2:55 P. M.

LOCAL NOTICES.

BUY PAINTS of Penny & McAlister.

FRESH Blue Lick Water, at McRoberts & Stagg's.

GERMAN Millet Seed \$2.25 per bushel at A. Owsley's.

DOAN's 74-test Gasoline at Penny & McAlister's.

ELEVEN POUNDS Sugar for \$1 at McAlister & Bright's.

SALT, Lime and Cement constantly on hand at A. Owsley's.

PLenty of country sides and hams at McAlister & Bright's.

NEW stock of Jewelry and Silverware at Penny & McAlister's.

SODA WATER better than in any past seasons, at McRoberts & Stagg's.

WATCHES, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted by Penny & McAlister.

PURE Aiden Fruit Vinegar, best in the world, for sale only by McAlister & Bright.

You will find the best 5-cent and 2-for-5-cent cigar in town at Penny & McAlister's.

H. S. & H. SHANKS are receiving and opening a nice new lot of Zeigler Shoes—low cut.

BEST Castor and Extra Winter strained Lard Oil for Reapers and Mowers at McRoberts & Stagg's.

A FULL line of California Canned Goods, including Apricots, Grapes, Pears, Peaches and Egg Plum at McAlister and Bright's.

We have added to our business a larger assortment of the *Geneva Crystal Spectacles* and can fit any eye. Being of harder glass they do not scratch or easily deface, and will retain their beautiful polish. This department will be under the charge of Thor Richards, who will carefully fit them to any eye for any purpose, near-sight, far-sight, shooting, &c. McRoberts & Stagg.

PERSONAL.

MR. O. P. McROBERTS of Nashville, is visiting his brother, Rev. S. S. McRoberts.

MESSES JNO. S. VAN WINKLE, R. P. JACOBS, C. H. RODER and SAM'L HARDING, Danville attorneys, were here yesterday.

MESSES A. R. PENNY and Miss SALLIE have gone to Mr. George Boone's in the country, to recuperate their exhausted energies.

COL. T. W. VARNON has just returned from Louisville apparently satisfied that the shops will be located at the Junction, but he won't talk yet.

LOCAL MATTERS.

FRUIT JARS of all kinds at Bruce, Warren & Co.'s.

The Livingston Coal Company's coal is the best.

The Typhoid fever seems to have run its course here. Praise the Lord.

THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND BRICK for sale. Apply to Henry Baughman, Stanford.

THE NAME of the postoffice known as Mullins, in Laurel county, Ky., has been changed to East Bernstadt.

AN effort is being made here to raise an orchestra which will no doubt prove successful as there is plenty of good talent available.

UNDER the two per cent. assessment plan adopted by the Republican National Committee our Postmaster has to shell out \$22 *nostra voluntas*.

THE grand opening ball at Crab Orchard Springs will be on the evening of July 7th. Prof. Arnold's cornet band of Memphis will arrive on the 1st.

SEVERAL of our lazy correspondents send us items that occurred last week or week before, and of course they do not appear. We want fresh items and will publish none other.

IN this country of blue-grass and Alpeney cows, it would seem that butter would be almost a drug upon the market, but it is not by a jug full. It is scarce and hard to get at 25 cents a pound.

THERE were just 31 persons present at the Democratic "Mass" Convention Saturday, counting every body. The average voter was too busy getting in his crop of wheat to devote a moment to politics.

GIANTS—Baby Bates, and his wife, the largest pair in the United States, passed up Friday to visit a relative near London. They have retired from the side-show business and have settled down on a farm of their own near Cincinnati.

J. T. HARRIS informs us that he can furnish the citizens of Stanford with ice at 1 cent per pound, and will keep it the season through, both lake and made ice. When ice freezes in the country it freezes in town. Respectfully, Harris & Dawson.

SENATOR BLAIN denies the rumor that he is to be the republican candidate for County Attorney. He is thoroughly satisfied with the office he has, and besides he is preparing as fast as possible, to retire from the bar and become a horny handed granger the balance of his life.

THE Republicans were to meet here Saturday to nominate candidates for County officers, but not more than a baker's dozen, materialized and set on was for the second time postponed. They don't seem to be much in earnest about making a fight, for they must know how futile it will be.

LIGHTNING struck an old tree in Mr. S. J. Embry's pasture Sunday night setting it a fire and producing a blaze that caused the neighbors to believe that a house was burning. A few nights before a \$25 ox belonging to Mr. John Bright, was killed by lightning, in a field not far from some tall trees.

DENIES IT.—Mr. G. F. Peacock, whose name was signed to the letter informing us of the prospective marriage of Dan Miller to Miss Sarah Curtis, denies in a most indignant manner that he either wrote or sanctioned its writing. We have forwarded the letter to him so that he can forthright write and prosecute him for forgery.

WANTED to purchase a good cow. Apply at this office.

CANNED GOODS lower than ever to close the lot at W. T. Green's.

CONTRACTOR E. B. HAYDEN says the cars will reach London July 5th.

THE Livingston Coal Company's coal can't be beat. Call on T. T. Davies for it.

PICNIC.—Mr. Jo McSmith will give a picnic at Hale's Well next Saturday, to which every body is invited.

STOLEN from my pasture Tuesday night last, a brown mare, 15 hands. A liberal reward will be given for her return. B. G. Pennington.

MICROTS & STAGG have just put up a handsome silver show-case, which adds much to the beauty and convenience of their establishment.

FARMERS desiring to lay in their winter supply of coal would do well to see the proprietors of Lincoln Mills. It will be money in their pockets.

THE wife of Mr. Archy Walker, of Garrard, who is with her father Dr. W. W. Owsley, in this county, has presented him with a fine, large boy.

Two YEARS—Chas. S. Hazlett, detective, writes to Sheriff Meneely that Jesse Spraggins plead guilty to obtaining money under false pretenses and was given a two years' term in the Fort Madison (Iowa) Penitentiary.

PENSION AGENT R. Blain reports that he has secured for Mrs. Malinda Collins, mother of John A. who died while a member of Wolford's Cavalry, arrears of pension to the amount of \$1,600. Mrs. C. L. Owsley.

OWING to the illness of Judge Owsley the Special Term of his Court set to convene here yesterday, was adjourned till to-day by Col. Varnon, who was elected Special Judge. The object of the term is to obtain a decree to sell the Crab Orchard Springs.

WHO IS HE—J. E. Hatcher, Chief of Police of Danville, Va., writes to Sheriff Meneely and he has arrested one Wm. A. Lefebvre and that he has been examined and committed on a very grave charge. Lefebvre claims Lincoln county is his home. Can any body give us any information concerning him?

THE CINCINNATI SOUTHERN has had another accident. The engine of the Northbound passenger train was thrown from the track by a broken rail at Rodger's Gap, Saturday morning. The engineer was killed and the fireman fatally injured. This caused a delay of many hours, and of consequence we missed our mail matter from Cincinnati and other places North and East.

MRS. A. K. DENNY discovered when she went to use them Sunday that her gold watch, bracelets and brooch were gone. She can imagine who could have gotten them unless a negro boy who came there to be hired during the week before stole them. When he asked if she wanted to hire him she told him to wait but she did not see him again. He gave his name as Tom Robinson.

COL. W. O. BRADLEY—We have it from one who spoke by the card, that Col. Bradley is an avowed candidate for Congress in this District. He is a mighty clever fellow and is a great favorite with President Arthur, who "always has a smile for him" but either Gov. McCleary or Phil Thompson can distance him in the race for Congressional honors. We are sorry for the Col., but he will get to Congress the same year that Babbitt gets to the Legislature, and not before.

THE HOP at the St. Asaph, though rather an impromptu affair, turned out to be a very delightful one. Price's excellent Orchestra disengaged the music which was kept time to the twirling feet of a score or more couples till 2:30 a. m., when the happy party broke up thoroughly pleased with the evening's entertainment.

THE short notice there were numerous belles and beaux from the neighboring towns, whose presence added greatly to the delight of the occasion. A young lady friend has kindly furnished us with the following list of young ladies and their toilettes:

Miss Alice Severance, Lebanon; white satin and tulle, lace with gold cord.

Miss Mamie McAlister, Danville; white muslin lace overalls, diamonds.

Miss Jane McAlister, Danville; dotted muslin.

Miss Katie Edelin, Lebanon; white satin and tulle, pearls.

Miss Mamie Olds, Lancaster; India muslin lace trimmings.

Miss Kate Sandifer, Danville; muslin, natural flowers.

Miss Jessie Perrin, Missouri; white muslin, swiss embroidery.

Miss Sallie Cook, Hustonville; muslin and daisies.

Miss Maggie Rowland, Danville; pink satin and lace.

Miss Lizzie Burton, Lexington; black ruches, Miss Nellie Duncan, Lancaster; white muslin and pink trimmings.

Miss Jessie Richards, striped muslin, natural flowers.

Miss Corrie Cooper, white muslin, swiss embroidery.

Miss Josie Withers, blue silk, lace trimmings, diamonds.

Miss Jessie Owsley, cream colored brocaded satin, pink lace and garnet trimmings.

Miss Anna Brown, white muslin, swiss embroidery over pink satin, pink trimmings.

Miss Mary Brown, white muslin, swiss trimmings, natural flowers.

Miss Jennie Phillips, Harrodsburg; white muslin.

Miss Katie Wray, white satin, lace overalls.

Little Mattie McAlister, embroidered muslin.

Miss Hayden, patent-leather shoes, silk hose and tan-colored satin cravat.

Among the visiting gentlewomen were Mess. W. G. Kinard, Sam. Duncan, John Storrs, Hugh Grant, Jr., Lancaster; A. G. Whaley, Hugh Grant, Danville; Garrett, Danville; Everhardt Hunday and John W. Engleman, Boyle.

THE Richmond Junction School District voted a tax of 10 cents on the \$100 worth of property to repair the school-house.

DEATHS.

BETTIE, the bright little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Pence, died Sunday, of whooping cough, aged 4 years, and was buried yesterday in Buffalo Cemetery.

RELIGIOUS.

—The Christian Church is fourth in point of members in the United States, its membership being stated at about 600,000.

—The Secretary of the Southern Baptist Convention stated that there were of white Baptists in the Southern States 974,100; colored 741,694; churches 13,527; ministers 6,096. During the past nine years there has been contributed to benevolences \$987,347.

—Gov. Blackburn has got into Brother Barnes' church. Our big-hearted old Governor deserves to go to heaven. If he had been there instead of at Frankfort there would have been great improvement in State affairs without a corresponding failure in the celestial government.—[Louisville Commercial.]

LAND, STOCK AND CROP.

—W. G. Hiatt sold to J. H. & S. H. Shanks 4 2-year-old steers and a calf for \$100.

—Good beefsteaks are only three cents a pound in Texas, while in Louisville exorbitantly mean ones are sold at five times that sum.—[Post.]

—Geo. W. Alford bought of W. D. Yaden, of Laurel, 152 mountain wethers, the pick out of 300, at \$2.75, and A. J. Rice bought balance at \$2.

—C. G. Ware sold to Tom Woods 8 cows and heifers averaging 1,200 pounds at 4 cents, and bought of A. R. Penny one fat heifer for \$1,000.

—Mr. A. J. Alexander, of Woodford County, has priced a sucking filly, a full sister to Maud S. to Mr. Robert Bonner for \$15,000. He has refused \$10,000 for a brother of the same mare.

—The Cincinnati Commercial says: Kentucky farmers are harvesting a glorious wheat crop. The present price offered is only 90 cents per bushel, with a prospect of its going as low as 75 cents.

—P. Smith bought on last Wednesday, of G. W. Parkes and John F. Wagers 58 1/2-year-old heifers, weight about 900 lbs., at 4@4 cents. W. K. Denny & Co., shipped to Bradbury, Conn., the last of a 25,000 pound lot of wool purchased the present session. The average price received was 26 cents.—[Richmond Register.]

—Below are the ruling prices for provisions, &c., in Stanford: Bacon shoulders, 12@13 cents; hams, 16@18 cents; sides, 15c. Flour, \$4.00 to \$4.50; corn, \$4.50; meal, \$1.10 per bushel; oats, 50c.; coffee, 12@14 cents; molasses, 65c. to 75c.; dried apples, 8@10 cents; peaches, 8@10 cents; new Irish potatoes, 75 cents per peck; butter, 20c.; cheese, 20c.; eggs, 12@13 cents; salt by 7 bushel bbl. \$2.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The democracy of Lincoln met in Mass Convention Saturday to appoint Delegates to the District Convention to meet in Danville, July 6, to nominate a candidate for Superior Judge. Col. W. G. Weleb, Chairman of the County Committee, called the meeting to order, and after stating its object suggested that nominations for permanent Chairman were in order. Judge Saenger nominated A. K. Denny, who was elected without opposition, and on motion of Col. T. P. Hill, W. P. Walton was made Secretary. A motion to have the Chairman name a committee to draft resolutions expressive of the feelings of the meeting was carried, and the following gentlemen were selected: John Blain, Judge J. M. Phillips, Jerry Briscoe, Hon. W. O. Hanford, James Walker Grimes, E. R. Chenault and D. B. Edmiston, who, after a short retirement, presented through Judge Phillips the following:

Received, by the Democracy of Lincoln County in Mass Meeting assembled: 1st. That we approve of the call for a Convention to be held on the 6th day of July, 1882, to nominate a democratic candidate for the office of Superior Court Judge in this District.

2nd. That we adjourn to meet in Convention to be held on the 6th day of July, 1882, to nominate a candidate for Superior Judge in this District.

3rd. That the following gentlemen are appointed delegates from Lincoln county, to cast said vote: Stanford, 1st precinct—M. C. Saul, 2nd precinct—G. A. Lackey, Crab Orchard—W. O. Hanford, Walnut Flat—Jno. S. Owsley, Turnersville—G. W. Alford, Hustonville—Dr. H. Brown, E. S. Gooch.

That if there be any vacancies that which is coveted is gained or not. How many men and how many women sat at the feet of Bro. Green on yesternight, and looked as she lay still in death, a picture of sleeping innocence. The remains were taken to Louisville (the former home of her parents) this morning for interment.

The friends of Rev. E. M. Green, of the first Presbyterian Church, think that he deserved himself in his sermon yesterday morning. His remarks were based on two passages of scripture, "Thou shalt not steal," and "Thou shalt not covet." Your correspondent is not yet a preacher, but he has long been of the opinion that even a layman of a reasonable amount of experience could "expound" very forcibly from the texts quoted. More things can be stolen than money or property, and more scorned and spurned when once acquired. And the covetous are not all known whether that which is coveted is gained or not.

How many men and how many women sat at the feet of Bro. Green on yesternight, and looked as she lay still in death, a picture of sleeping innocence. The remains were taken to Louisville (the former home of her parents) this morning for interment.

—The friends of Rev. E. M. Green, of the first Presbyterian Church, think that he deserved himself in his sermon yesterday morning. His remarks were based on two passages of scripture, "Thou shalt not steal," and "Thou shalt not covet." Your correspondent is not yet a preacher, but he has long been of the opinion that even a layman of a reasonable amount of experience could "expound" very forcibly from the texts quoted. More things can be stolen than money or property, and more scorned and spurned when once

STANFORD, KY.

Tuesday Morning, - June 27, 1882

New Method of Oil Printing.

The first thing to be done is to make a fac-simile of the painting that is to be copied, in which the outlines of each simple color is accurately reproduced. This copy is then transferred to a plate of zinc, which is cut up into as many pieces as the picture contains colors, in such a way that each piece represents all the parts which in the original are of one color. Separate electrolytes are made from each piece, and from these the proper colors are printed in corresponding order upon prepared paper. So far the process is similar to printing chromos. At the end of this operation, when all the colors have been printed on the paper, the picture resembles an ordinary chromo-lithograph, and like that it is perfectly flat and smooth; the brush-marks and roughness of surface noticed in oil paintings are wanting. In order to imitate this part, too, the original painting is covered with a solution of gelatine, in which are impressed with great accuracy the elevations and depressions of the painting. From this plastic copy of the surface another impression is taken in gutta-percha, India-rubber, or other elastic substance, which will stretch so that it can be made larger or smaller, according as the copy is enlarged or reduced. This elastic impression is used for preparing a copper stereotype, with which a negative or depressed copy can be made in a suitable plate. This last plate, of course, will have depressions wherever the painting had elevations or raised spots, and these depressions are filled with pigment of the same color as the raised portions of the original. The plate thus prepared is put in a press and the printed chromo laid on it, and then pressure and heat are applied to cause the pigments in the depression to unite with those already on the paper. The picture is now finished, all but varnishing. To carry out the resemblance to oil painting, it is afterwards transferred from the prepared paper to canvas, wood, or metallic surface.

The Infant Terrible at a Prayer-Meeting.
One of those unnaturally bright children who are always getting people into difficulties was at a prayer-meeting with his mother the other evening, when he asked aloud: "Ma, say ma, who was Dinah Moore?"

"Hu u sh," whispered his mother, cautiously, "it's a hymn."

"No, it ain't, ma," continued the hopeful, "it's a woman; say, who's going home to Dinah Moore?"

"Willie," said his mother in a ghostly voice, "you're disturbing the meeting. It means going to heaven to do more."

"Dine no more! O, ma, don't we eat any thing there? I don't want to go there if they don't have any dinner!"

His mother explained as well as she could, and Willie sat still for half a minute, his bright eyes roving about the church. Then he asked in a shrill whisper:

"Ma, is God out of town?"

"No o, no-no," answered the distressed woman faintly.

"Then, what's Mr. Kelley running this meeting for, ma?" continued the sweet child.

The choir sang him down, but as the meeting closed with a moment of silent prayer, his gentle voice was distinctly heard, saying:

"Old Mrs. Jones switch doesn't match her hair like yours does, ma!"

PICTURED IN ADVANCE. —Great is enterprise. A circular from a Chicago firm offers to newspaper editors an electrolyte of the execution of Guitau, to be used immediately after that event occurs. The electrolyte is a remarkable work of art. It represents the assassin suspended from the gallows, while about him are grouped a miscellaneous lot, including a clergyman, "our artist," physicians, reporters, guards, prison officials and scientists. From the prominence given "our artist," the clergyman and the executioner, and the peculiarly atrocious look of villainy delineated upon each of their countenances, the clergyman's face being the wickedest of all, the unsophisticated observer will be at first puzzled to decide which is the murderer. And after he perceives "which is which" he will be apt to regret that more of the party were not hanged, on general principles—that is, if their faces are indicative of their character. We give the circular this little puff from purely disinterested motives—we don't mean to use the electrolyte.

The matrimonial aspirations of Lee Hale and Katie Morgan were opposed by her parents at Chattanooga, Tenn. She was kept so close a prisoner that all plans of elopement failed, as she was not allowed to go beyond the veranda of the house. At length Hale made up a party of friends, including a minister, and approached the house near enough to signal Katie to come out. The obliging clergyman had shortened the marriage ceremony for this occasion to a few words, and it was supposed that these could be spoken before any interruption occurred. The girl was caught on the veranda by a big brother, and in escaping from him fell down the steps, bruising herself considerably; but the ceremony was successfully performed amid the cheers of a multitude.

The biggest man in Louisiana lives four and a half miles west of Abbeville. His name is Emily Sellers, weight 472½ pounds, is sixty years of age, enjoys good health and is comfortably situated. Mr. Sellers says he was married at seventeen years of age. His wife is still living, a lady of about 145 pounds in weight.

The people of Tavares, Fla., eat aligator steaks and tenderloins in preference to the tough beef obtainable there. The meat when par boiled and fried presents the fair appearance of the breast of a fowl, and possesses a flavor almost as delicate and appetizing.

Newspaper Routine.

The French Idea of Women.
Women have no worse enemies than women.

Woman conceals only what she does not know.

One must be a woman to know how to revenge.

Woman is more constant in hatred than in love.

Woman is a creature between man and the angels.

Most women curse sin before embracing patience.

Women who have not fine teeth only laugh with their eyes.

Friendship between women is only a suspension of hostilities.

Women ask if a man is discreet, as men ask if a woman is pretty.

The most chaste woman may be the most voluptuous, if she loves.

When a woman is no longer attractive she ceases to be inconstant.

Women never weep more bitterly than when they weep with spite.

When a woman cannot be revenged, they do as children do; they cry.

A woman, and her servant, acting in accord, would outwit a dozen devils.

Woman is a charming creature who changes her heart as easily as her gloves.

Women like balls and assemblies as a hunter likes a place where game abounds.

A woman forgives the audacity which her beauty prompts us to be guilty of.

SALT FOR FRUIT TREES. —About this time of the year many of our farmers are emptying the brine from their meat barrels. Instead of throwing it away as worthless let them pour it around their quince bushes and plum trees, and then note results later in the season; two or three pairs of strong brine will not injure but prove highly beneficial to any single tree or bush of the kind above mentioned. It would be still better to wait until the blossoms are out, and give thorough salting, and still another when the young fruit appears. We have tried salt on old quince bushes that had not borne fruit for years, and have seen them loaded down with fruit in the fall succeeding such treatment. Be sure to use enough and begin early in the season.

A correspondent tells us: I was with Lieut. General Forrest, the greatest natural soldier the war produced in my modest opinion, when a youthful staff officer rode up and excitedly announced: "General, a strong Yankee force is in our rear!" "What the h—l's the difference," responded Forrest, "when we turn round won't we be on their rear?" Forrest never read a book in his life. I have seen" continues the correspondent, "an order addressed by Forrest to Colonel Starnes on the field at Murfreesboro. Forrest wrote in pencil on the pommel of his saddle. Its words were: 'Starnes, fetch up the guns. Give 'em hell!' Forrest had seventeen horses killed under him during the war.

ONE OF THE LATEST EXTRAVAGANCES. —Flower dresses are the last extravagance, and are made in two or three different ways. A dress of pale pink tulle, strewed with petals shaded from deep pink to white, is one charming fancy. Another of tulle in small puffs over silk has roses strewed over the surface with heads down, a Memours, the stem and foliage in flat embroidery, while the flower is artificial. In a third the sprout and front of bodice are of roses, lilies or primroses, massed to conceal the foundation. At nice extreme elegances affect dresses covered in this way with real flowers, and in their first freshness they are ideally lovely. —[Boston Transcript.]

A brass steam-whistle, thought to be the largest ever made, has just been finished by the Eaton, Cole & Burnham Co., 58 John St., New York. It is of cast brass, 4 feet 9 inches in length, the bell having a diameter of 20 inches. Its weight is 400 pounds, and its value \$500. The supply pipe is 4 inches in diameter. It goes to a large steam saw mill in Canada, where the chalk is prepared, but with a good stiff brush and the soap, it is as effectual as soap and sand on a floor.

A colored man was sentenced to the penitentiary in Fayette county a short time since, for three years, for stealing a piece of copper worth \$25. When asked by the judge if he had any thing to say why sentence should not be passed upon him, he said he had not, but he only regretted he had not stolen a drove of cattle instead of the copper. The joke lay in the fact that a man had just been sentenced for one year for stealing eighteen head of cattle.

During the race in St. Louis the police kept all the regular gambling places closed. In this emergency a far bank was opened in a room in the Southern Hotel, and the game was conducted so quietly that the landlord did not find it out until it had been going three days. But it was not a profitable venture, as the bank had lost \$13,000 when the play was stopped.

The largest bell in the world is the great bell of Moscow, at the foot of the Kremlin. Its circumference at the bottom is nearly sixty-eight feet, and its height more than twenty-one feet. In its stoutest part it is twenty-three inches thick, and its weight has been computed to be 433,772 pounds. It has never been hung, and was probably cast on the spot where it now stands.

The Rev. Dr. John Brown, of Bedford, England, now traveling in this country, is a successor to John Brown, author of the "Pilgrim's Progress," in his pastorate, and is only the sixth minister that church has had since its organization, two hundred and fifty years ago.

It is the opinion of a Philadelphia man, probably a night editor, that a family who don't know enough to go to church at the proper hour, without hearing the clang of a bell, would not make their advent into good society. Formerly he had nothing but "limbs." —[Maysville Morning Call.]

A Hoosier youth named Gosling saw a girl at church, courted her two hours, and at the end of three was married to her. A man who does up all his courtship in two hours and then marries, misses lots of fun. It's like stuffing himself with peaches and cream in five minutes and then having dyspepsia the rest of the year.

A Rat that Trades.

An animal whose instinct teaches it to give quid pro quo should be capable of a business education. The last candidate we should select for such schooling is the thievish rat; but now we learn that there are rudiments of honesty and fair dealing in one species of even that animal. A curious statement is made about the trading rat, which is one of the unique and interesting animals met with in the Rocky mountains. The miners declare that, although these rats enter houses, camps and mines, and take things that do not belong to them, they never take an article without leaving something in its place. They conduct a trade, and hence their name. They enter dwellings at night and steal any thing they can find, carrying away spoons, knives and forks, but invariably leaving a chip, stick or a stone in place of each article taken away. The miners look upon the uncanny dealings of these precocious animals with superstition almost amounting to awe, and tell many wonderful stories of their fitness, and the length to which they carry their depredations, but the predominant quality with which they invest them is the faculty of trading or exchanging alluded to.

HARVEST AND TORTOISE. —In his remarks to the Princeton graduates, Hon. Harvey M. Watterson says: "I can now recall to mind several young men, students of Cumberland College, who were regarded by their associates as very dull fellows, who have cut a considerable figure in the world around them. How did that come about? I will tell you. They applied themselves intently to their books. While the brilliant boy was playing or spinning yarns they were bringing all the energies of their minds to bear on Euclid or on the translation of an ode in Horace. The work was slow and difficult, but the result certain. The horse can outrun the mule, but if he stops too often to play with the colts or to graze on the rich pastures by the way, the mule is sure to win the race.

It is related of a Maryland deacon who peaches are first in the New York market that, having company at his farm house one evening recently, a terrific thunder storm came on and shook things up worse than an explosion in a crockery store. Every body was thoroughly frightened, and directly after a blinding flash, one of the visitors anxiously asked: "Friends don't you think we had better kneel and ask for protection?" "No, Brother Jones, no," protested the deacon, "I have just had a lightning rod put on the house at an expense of \$36, and I propose we hold off and give her a fair show to do business!"

TO CLEANSE THE TEETH. —A good way to cleanse the teeth is to dip the brush in water, rub it over genuine white castile soap, then dip in prepared chalk. A lady says: "I have been complimented upon the whiteness of my teeth, which were originally any thing but white. I have used the soap constantly for two or three years, and the chalk for the last year. There is no danger of scratching the teeth, as the chalk is prepared, but with a good stiff brush and the soap, it is as effectual as soap and sand on a floor."

A colored man was sentenced to the penitentiary in Fayette county a short time since, for three years, for stealing a piece of copper worth \$25. When asked by the judge if he had any thing to say why sentence should not be passed upon him, he said he had not, but he only regretted he had not stolen a drove of cattle instead of the copper. The joke lay in the fact that a man had just been sentenced for one year for stealing eighteen head of cattle.

During the race in St. Louis the police kept all the regular gambling places closed. In this emergency a far bank was opened in a room in the Southern Hotel, and the game was conducted so quietly that the landlord did not find it out until it had been going three days. But it was not a profitable venture, as the bank had lost \$13,000 when the play was stopped.

The largest bell in the world is the great bell of Moscow, at the foot of the Kremlin. Its circumference at the bottom is nearly sixty-eight feet, and its height more than twenty-one feet. In its stoutest part it is twenty-three inches thick, and its weight has been computed to be 433,772 pounds. It has never been hung, and was probably cast on the spot where it now stands.

The Rev. Dr. John Brown, of Bedford, England, now traveling in this country, is a successor to John Brown, author of the "Pilgrim's Progress," in his pastorate, and is only the sixth minister that church has had since its organization, two hundred and fifty years ago.

It is the opinion of a Philadelphia man, probably a night editor, that a family who don't know enough to go to church at the proper hour, without hearing the clang of a bell, would not make their advent into good society. Formerly he had nothing but "limbs." —[Maysville Morning Call.]

A Hoosier youth named Gosling saw a girl at church, courted her two hours, and at the end of three was married to her. A man who does up all his courtship in two hours and then marries, misses lots of fun. It's like stuffing himself with peaches and cream in five minutes and then having dyspepsia the rest of the year.

FOR SALE!

26 DOUBLE SCHOOL DESKS!

Of the most approved pattern, manufactured by A. & J. Smith, 100 Main Street, Boston, Mass. Price \$10.00 each. Order and cheaply inquire at Christian Church, Hintonville, or Adams.

J. R. DUNLAP, Davierville, Ky.

TIME TABLE!

In effect May 14, 1882.

CINCINNATI SOUTHERN DIVISION.

STATIONS.	1 Day	2 Day	3 Day	4 Day	5 Day
	Ex.	Ex.	Ex.	Ex.	Ex.
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.
Ly. Cincinnati	8 45	4 00	5 49		
Georgetown	11 28	4 55	11 09		
Frankfort	12 26	4 55	12 05		
Nicholasville	12 48	5 00	12 25		
High Bridge	1 16	8 12	1 12		
Davierville	2 00	8 55	2 00		
W. Ky. City	2 00	8 55	2 00		
Somerset	3 00		3 40		
Point Burnside	3 45		3 00		
Spring City	3 45		3 00		
Arr. Chattanooga	10 35		10 25	7 40	

A. M.

Ly. Chattanooga	6 00	7 40
Spring City	7 50	9 28
Arr. Chattanooga	12 40	1 52
Georgetown	1 40	2 10
Frankfort	2 45	3 45
Nicholasville	3 11	6 10
High Bridge	3 16	6 42
Davierville	4 00	7 12
W. Ky. City	4 29	7 34
Arr. Chattanooga	7 03	10 25

A. M.

Ly. Chattanooga	9 00
-----------------	------